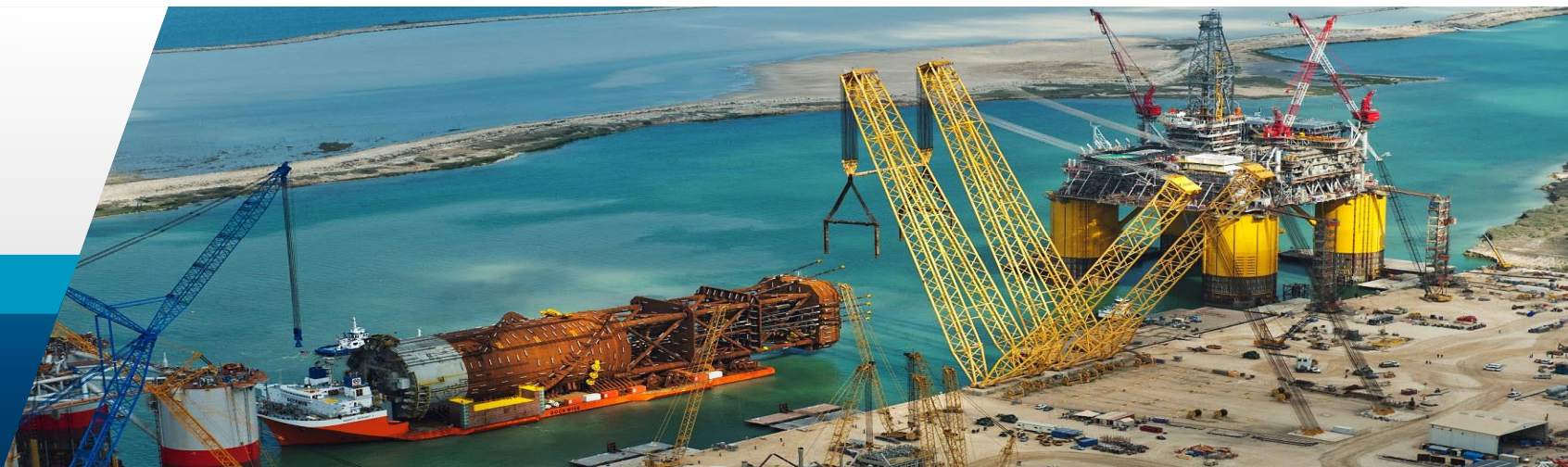


# EXHIBIT F

## **Document Produced in Native Format**



# Shenandoah Project

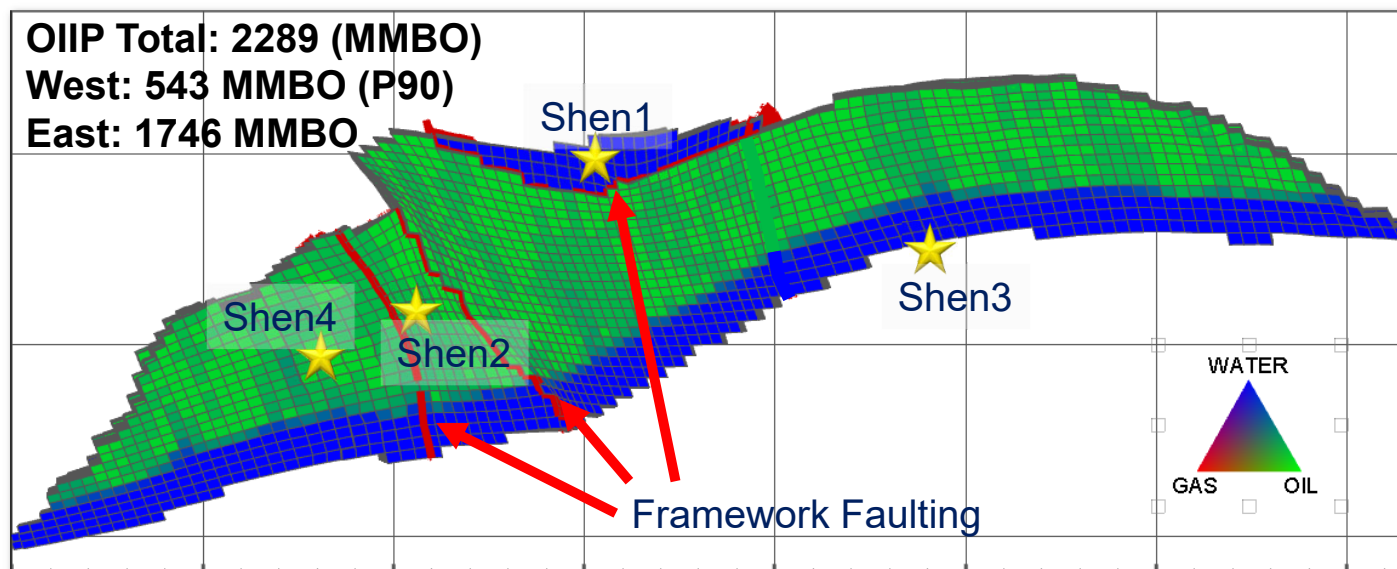
## Development Wet Tree

### Economics

12/17/2015



## Framework Faulting: Shen-1 Closed Mid Case



- All faults assumed to be sealing
- OWC assumes projected contacts from Shen2 to Shen3 across entire field
- Known: Shen1 not connected to Shen2
- Known: Shen4 not connected to Shen2



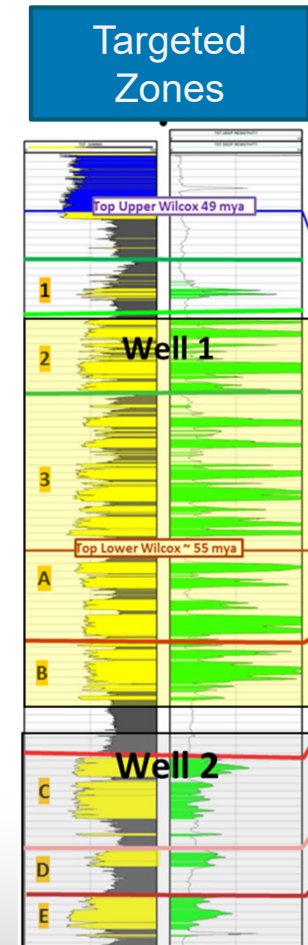
# Dynamic Simulation Assumptions

## Assumptions

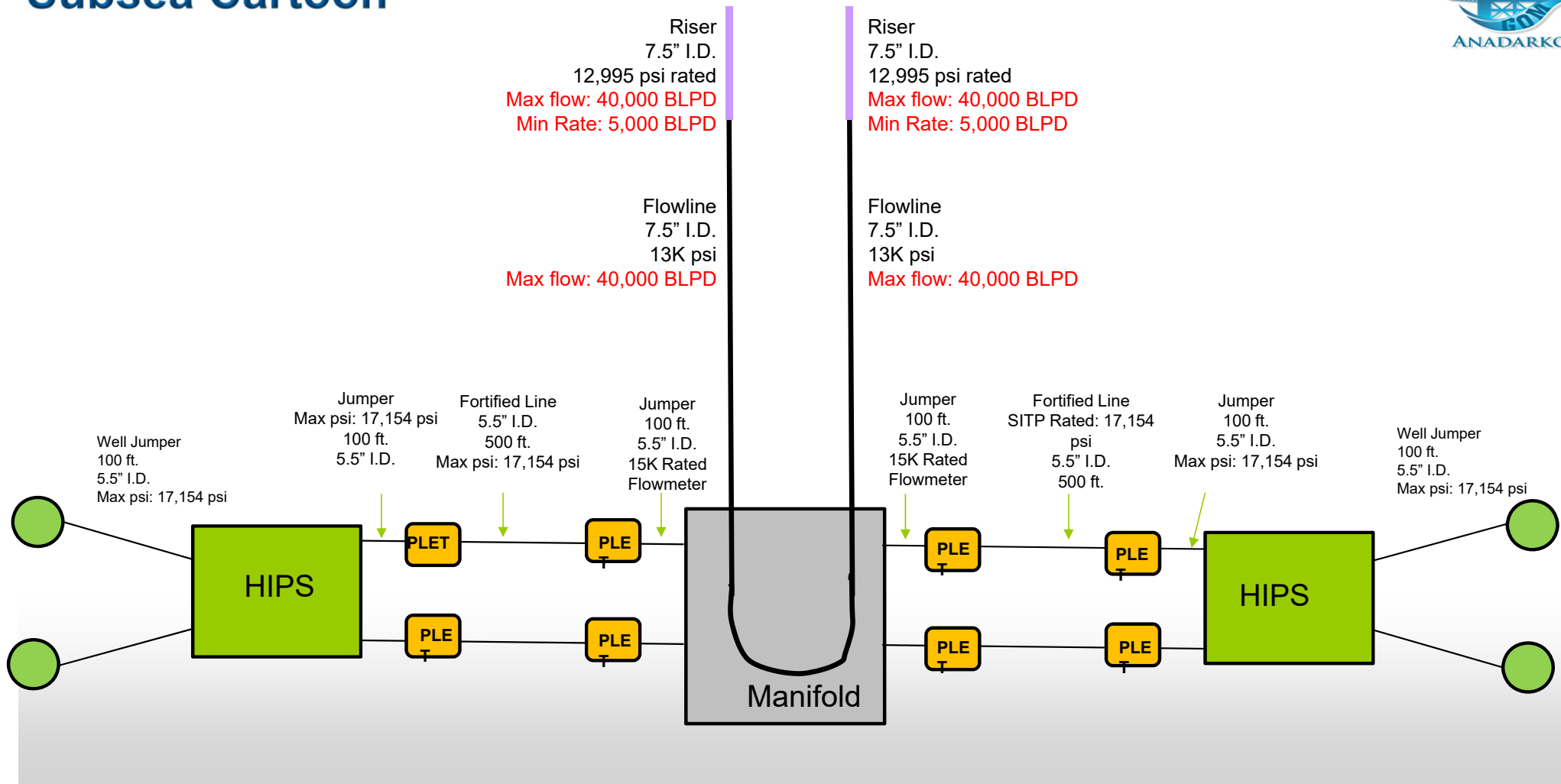
- 30 Year Field Life (well life 25 yrs.)
- 1<sup>st</sup> Oil July 2021
- Shen 2 Fluids and contacts
- Well Constraints
  - Drawdown = 2,000 psi (GOM Standard)
  - Min. FBHP = 11,000 psi (Completions)
  - Rate = 15,000 BOPD (C-Factor)
  - 60% water cut (Flow Assurance)
- Facility Constraints:
  - Oil Production: 100K BOPD
  - Gas Production: 120 MMCFD
  - Water Production: 100K BWPD
  - Liquid Production: 120K BLPD
- Uptime = 95%
- No PI Degradation Applied

## Targeted Zones\* Phased Approach:

- Phase 1:
  - 4 wells and one flow loop
- Phase 2:
  - 6 wells and another flow loop (10 total)
- No Injection
- Targeted Zones\*
  - 2 wells per spacing
  - 1<sup>st</sup> Well: UW2 – LWB
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> Well: LWC- LWE



# Subsea Cartoon



# MMRA

## Top 10 Deepwater GOM Fields

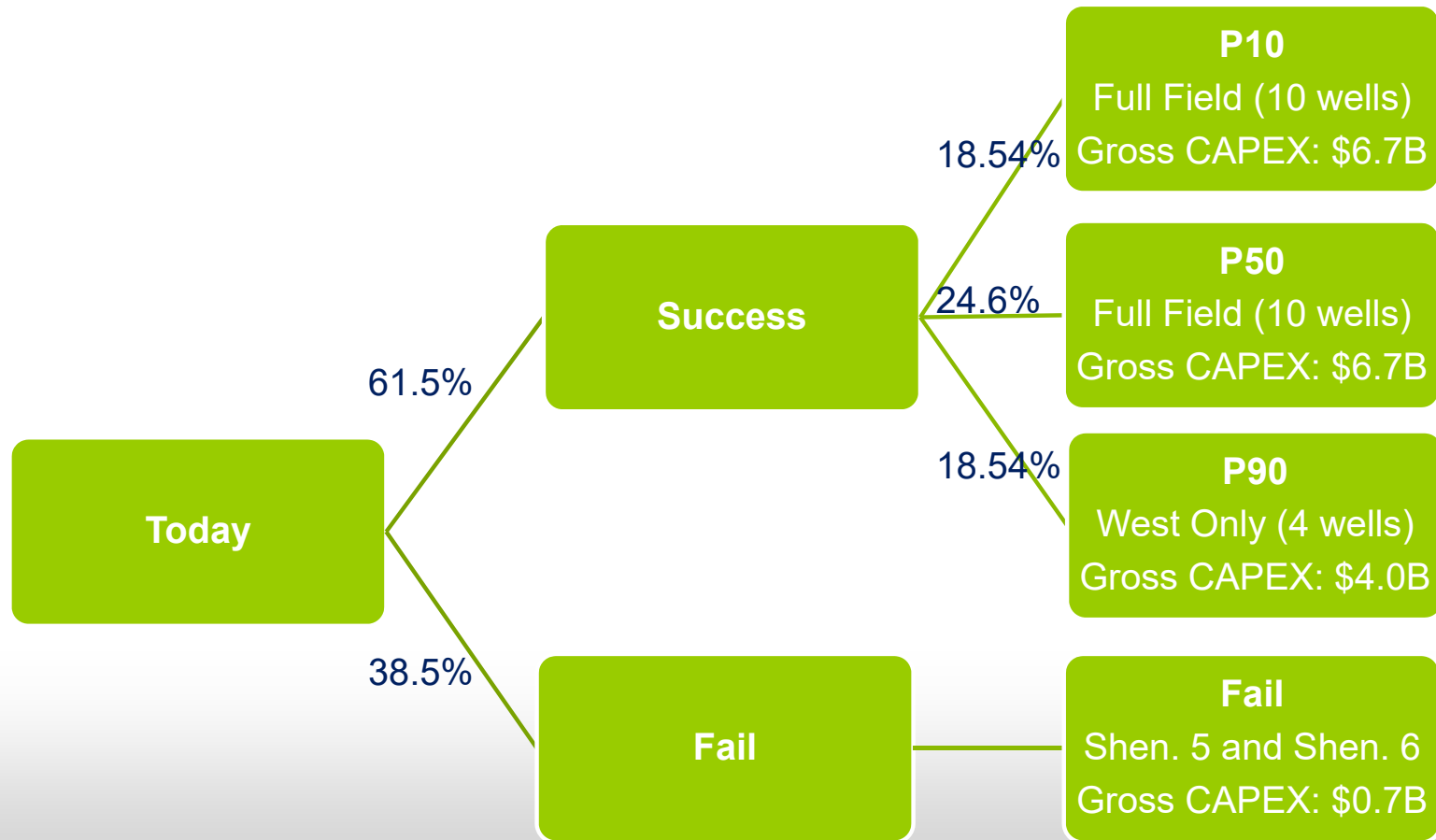
Field	EUR (MMBOE)
1 Mars	1,133
2 Ursa	399
3 Tahiti	303
4 Auger	271
5 Mad Dog	202
6 Genesis	238
7 Ariel	204
8 Shenzi	180
9 Petronius	198
10 Troika	216

Simulation Current	Original In Place		Prospective Undiscovered Recoverable Resources						Above Commercial Threshold (MCFS= 200 MMBO Tot HC Oil equiv)
	Oil	Raw Gas	Liquids		Sales Gas		Total Geologic Pre-Drill		
			Oil	Total Cond	Non- Assoc	Soln			
			MMBO	BCF	MMBO	MMBO	BCF	BCF	
P99	255.05	0.00	37.20	0.00	0.00	42.97	45.30	202.50	
P90	460.58	0.00	83.69	0.00	0.00	96.88	(756) 100.26	223.54	
Mode	735.09	0.00	109.16	0.00	0.00	197.72	164.32	212.64	
P50	974.22	0.00	206.63	0.00	0.00	242.59	(898) 247.16	350.31	
Mean (P99- >P01)	1143.42	0.00	254.22	0.00	0.00	299.91	304.24	410.46	
P10	2101.63	0.00	508.62	0.00	0.00	597.68	(1,130) 608.67	717.40	
P01	3838.25	0.00	992.42	0.00	0.00	1128.23	1176.59	1272.74	
Current settings... Estimating method: VOLUMETRIC (Area X Net Pay X HC Yield) Intermediate Simulation: 5000 Iterations Resources Simulation: 5000 Iterations Truncations: Input= 0.00/1.00 Output= 0.00/1.00 Area-Net Pay Correlation = 0% Raw Gas Surface Loss: NONE Percentile Sorting: Each product sorted individually. (Warning...resource components will not sum across to HC Equiv.)							Pg- Chance of Geologic Success (>=Ab Min resource)	Pc- Chance of Commercial Success (>=MCFS)	
Chance of Success >>									
							100.0%	61.5%	
							Simulation P10/P90 Ratio=6.1 versus Predicted:		





## Decision Tree (100 MPOD Spar No Injection)

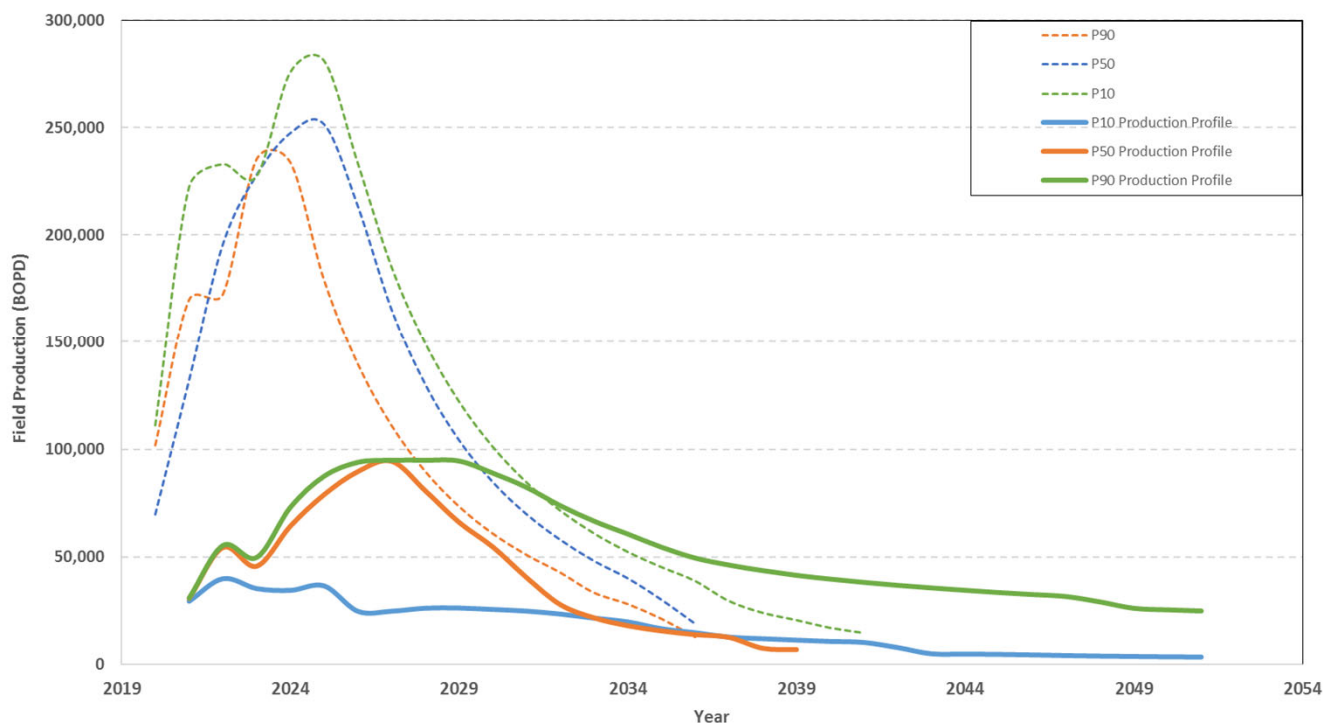






# Production Profiles and Descriptions

Shenandoah Production Profiles



## Description:

### ▪ P10:

- EUR: 717.4 MMBOE
- Aquifer: Connected
- Compartmentalization: Minimal
- RF: 26%

### ▪ P50:

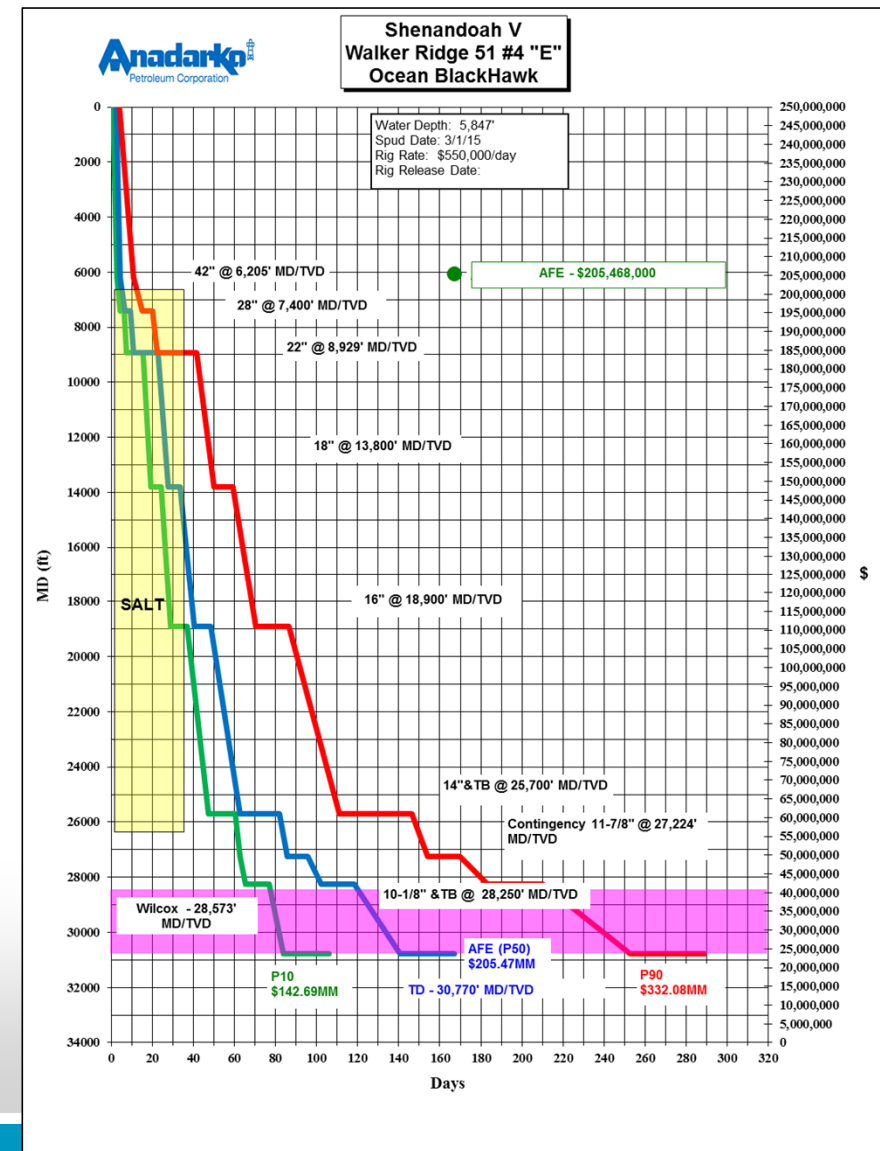
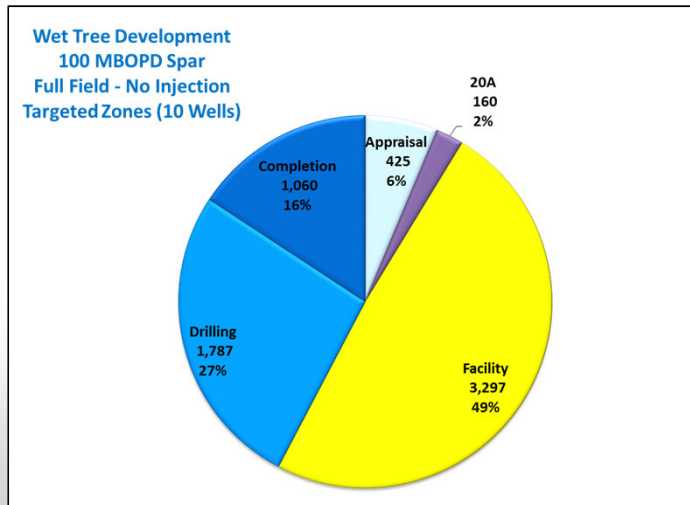
- EUR: 350.3 MMBOE
- Aquifer: Semi-Connected
- Compartmentalization: Medium
- RF: 13%

### ▪ P90:

- EUR: 223.5 MMBOE
- Aquifer: Connected
- Compartmentalization: Medium
- RF: 30%

# Drilling and Completion Assumptions

- **Keeper Wells:** Shen 5 and Shen 6
- **Completion Type:** Assumed cased hole perforated
- **Drill Days:** 167 days per well and Completion Days: 73 - 62 days per well (~ \$300MM/Well)
- **Phase 1:** Wells drilled with 15KMODU (Blackhawk) and completed with 20KMODU
- **Phase 2:** Wells drilled and completed with 20KMODU

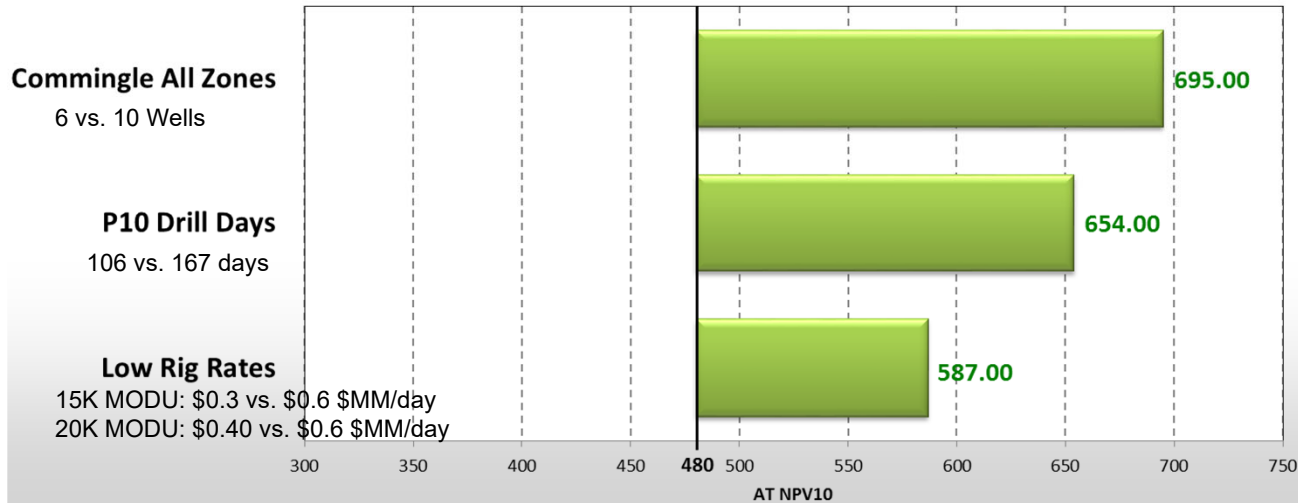


## Economic Summary



	Invest \$60/bbl		Upside \$80/bbl				
	AT NPV10 (\$MM)	AT PIR10	AT NPV10 (\$MM)	AT PIR10	Mean Net EUR (MMBOE)	F&D (\$/BOE)	P <sub>c</sub>
<b>Riskied Mean</b>	-185	-0.07	480	0.17	254	18.87	61.5%.
<b>Unriskied Mean</b>	-7	0.00	1,070	0.26	416	17.69	100%

### AT NPV10 \$80/bbl





## Costs Breakdown (P10 Only) – Standalone Spar

	Wet Tree P10
<b>OPEX</b>	
Fixed/Variable	\$ 1,636,270,609
Well Interventions*	\$ 2,400,000,000 ↓
<b>Total Opex</b>	<b>\$ 4,036,270,609</b>
<b>CAPEX</b>	
Appraisal	\$ 424,835,630
20A	\$ 160,300,000
Drilling	\$ 1,787,443,104 ↓
Completions	\$ 1,059,796,317
Facility	\$ 3,296,995,380 ↓
IPT	\$ 64,180,000
Facility	\$ 2,155,965,648
Subsea	\$ 1,076,849,732
<b>Total CAPEX</b>	<b>\$ 6,729,370,430</b>

Well Interventions\* Assume 20K MODU + COWR

### ▪ Interventions

- Begin intervention after 5 years of production
- Coiled tubing cleanouts every 5 years for asphaltene deposition
- Cost \$60/MM/intervention (20K MODU + COWR)

### ▪ Fixed OPEX

- Platform = \$3.4MM/month

### ▪ Variable OPEX

- Oil = \$0.55/bbl
- Gas = \$0.11/mcf
- Water = \$0.15/bbl

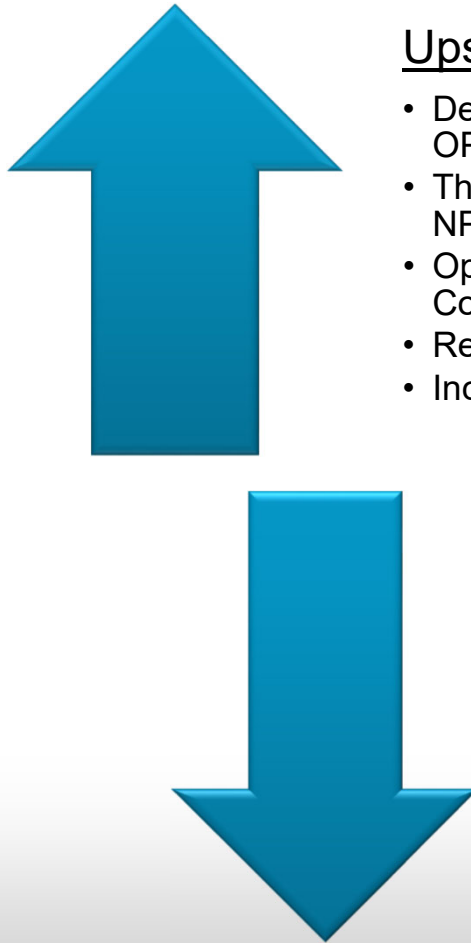


## Economics: P10 Unrisked

P10	\$60 Unrisked	\$80 Unrisked
<b>ATAX NPV @ 10% (\$MM)</b>	1,177	2,664
<b>ATAX PIR10 (\$/\$)</b>	0.281	0.635
<b>ATAX F&amp;D (\$/BOE)</b>	12.19	12.19
<b>AT LOE (\$/BOE)</b>	6.69	6.69
<b>Recoverable Resource (MMBOE)</b>	717.4	717.4



## Economic Drivers



### Upside Drivers

- Decreased intervention frequency and/or costs → - OPEX, + NPV10
- Third party tie-back opportunities → - Opex, - ARO, + NPV10
- Optimized Development (Well Placement, Phasing, Completion) → - Capex, - Opex, + NPV10
- Reduced D&C days and costs → - Capex, +NPV10
- Increased STOOIP → + EUR, + NPV10

### Downside Drivers

Increased intervention frequency and/or costs → + OPEX, - NPV10

Increased compartmentalization → + Capex, + ARO, - NPV10

Water injection → + EUR, +Capex, - NPV10

Decreased STOOIP → - EUR; - NPV10

Delayed 1<sup>st</sup> oil → - NPV10

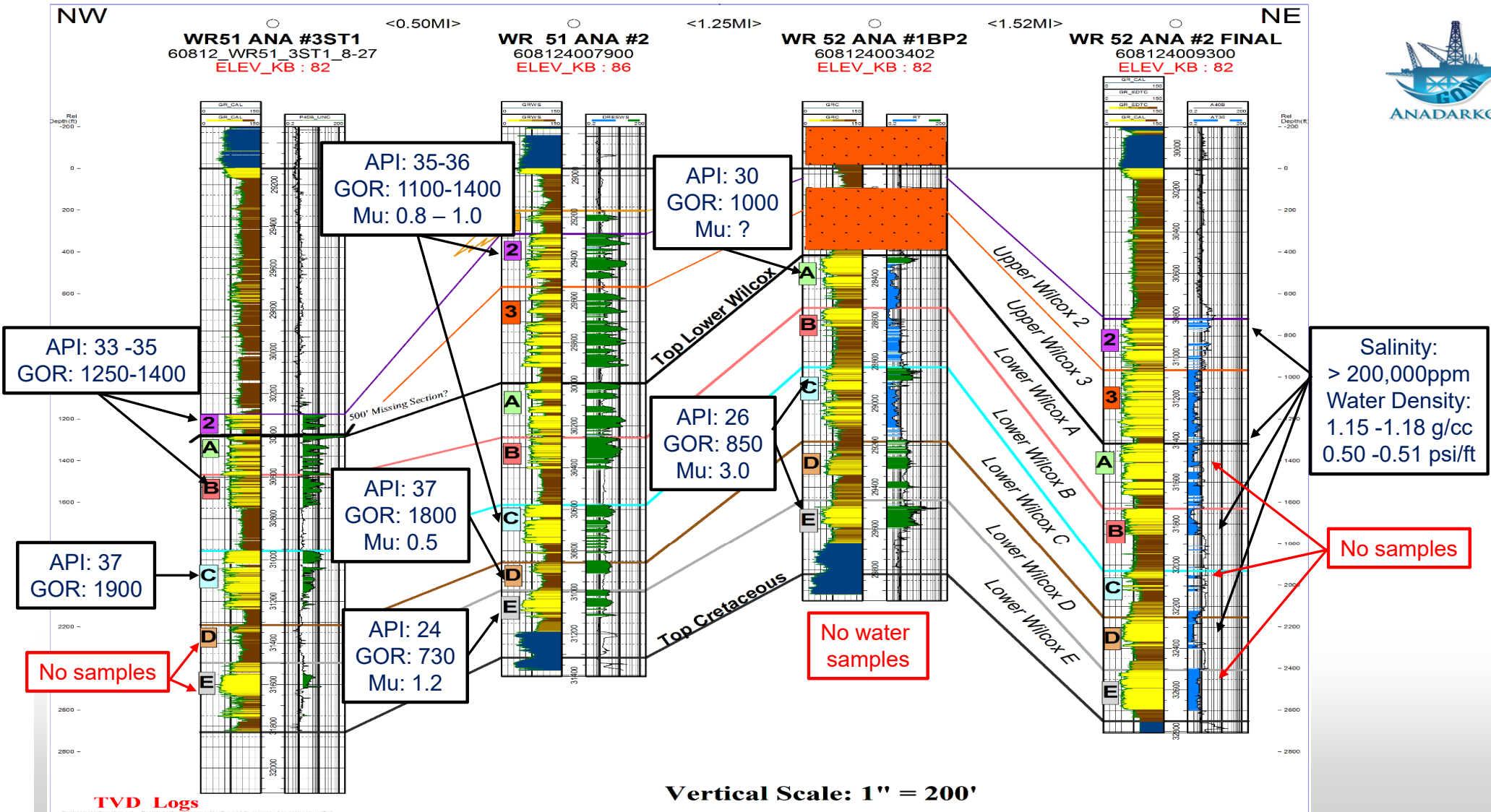
More Complex Completion Design → + Capex, - NPV10





## Shenandoah: Asphaltene





# Asphaltene Onset Pressure Tests (AOP)

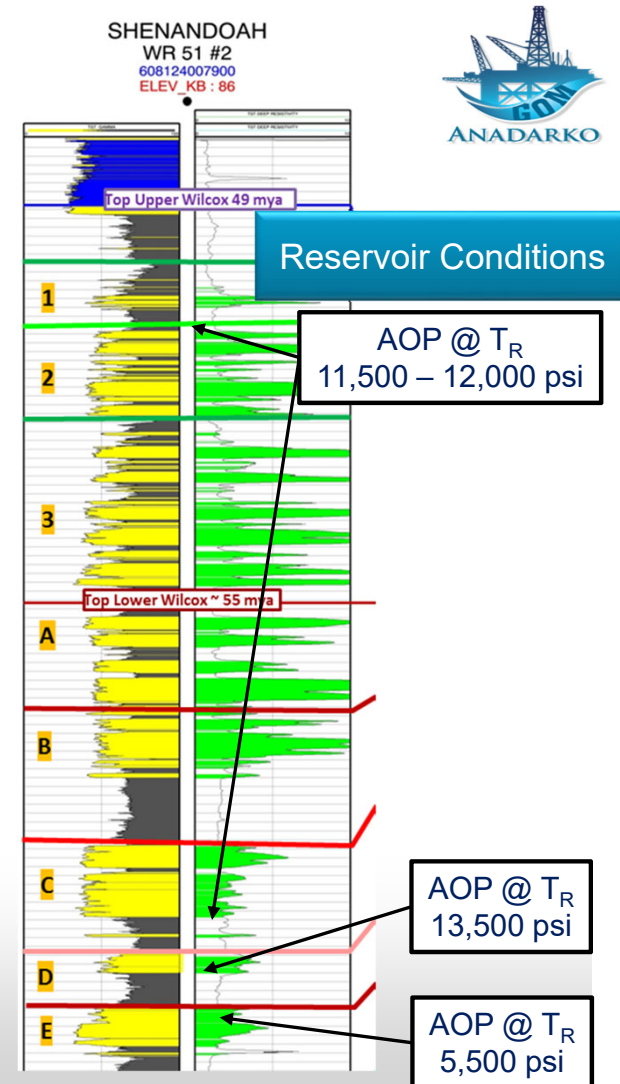
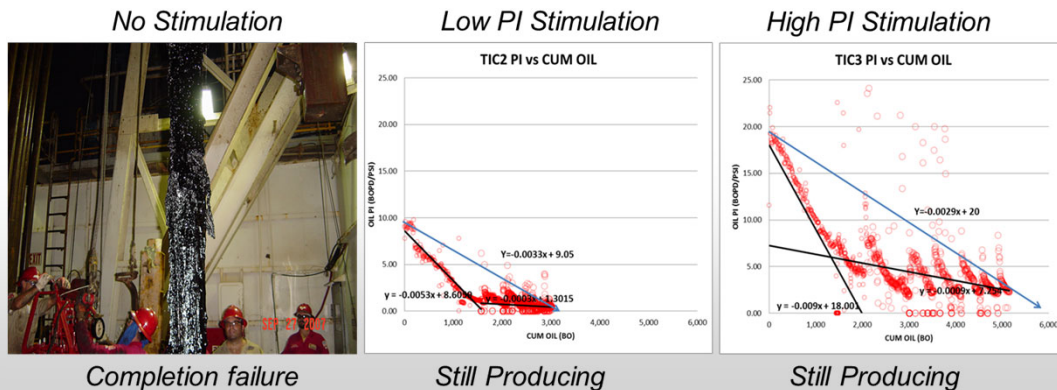
## ▪ Project Impact (Rate/EUR/NPV10)

- Completion design → Zonal Isolation; Well Count
- Intervention → Xylene Treatments
- Need for pressure support → Aquifer and/or Injection

## ▪ Uncertainty Handled in Dynamic Modeling and Economics

- Well Deliverability and Recovery
  - Reservoir abandonment
  - Increasing skin
- Completion and Intervention Costs

## ▪ Case History : Ticonderoga



# Asphaltene Onset Pressure Tests (AOP)

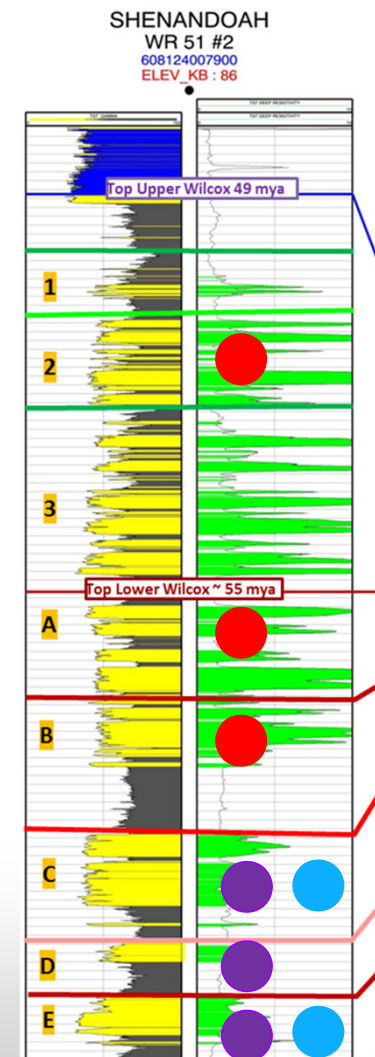
Commingle AOP Test Completed:

LWC (20cc) – LWD (20cc) – LWE (20cc)  
AOP @  $T_R$   
>19,500 psi

Commingle AOP Test Planned:

LWC (30cc) – LWE (30cc)  
AOP @  $T_R$

UW2 (20cc) – LWA (20cc) – LWB (20cc)  
AOP @  $T_R$



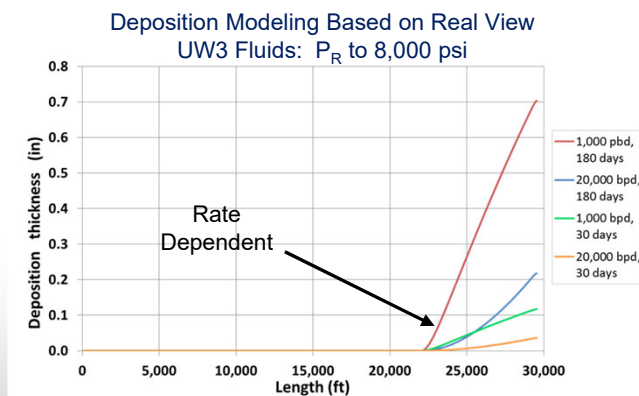
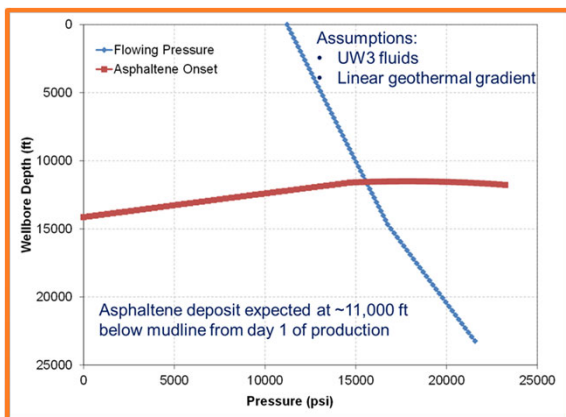
# Asphaltene Onset Pressure Tests (AOP)

## ▪ Project Impact (Rate/EUR/NPV10)

- Mitigation and/or Intervention → Inhibitors; Coil Cleanouts

## ▪ Uncertainty Handled in Dynamic Modeling and Economics

- Well Deliverability and Recovery
  - Increasing skin
- Intervention Costs



### Tubing Conditions

AOP @ 160 F  
15,000 psi

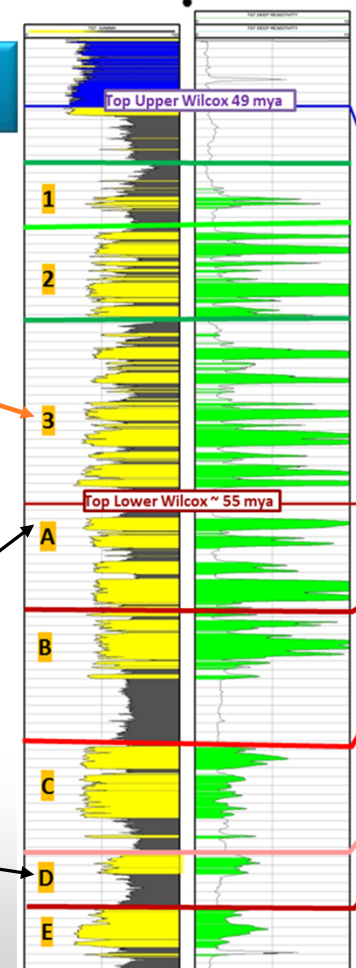
AOP @ 130 F  
17,700 psi

AOP @ 160 F  
16,200 psi

AOP @ 135 F  
>19,500 psi

AOP @ 142 F  
>19,500 psi

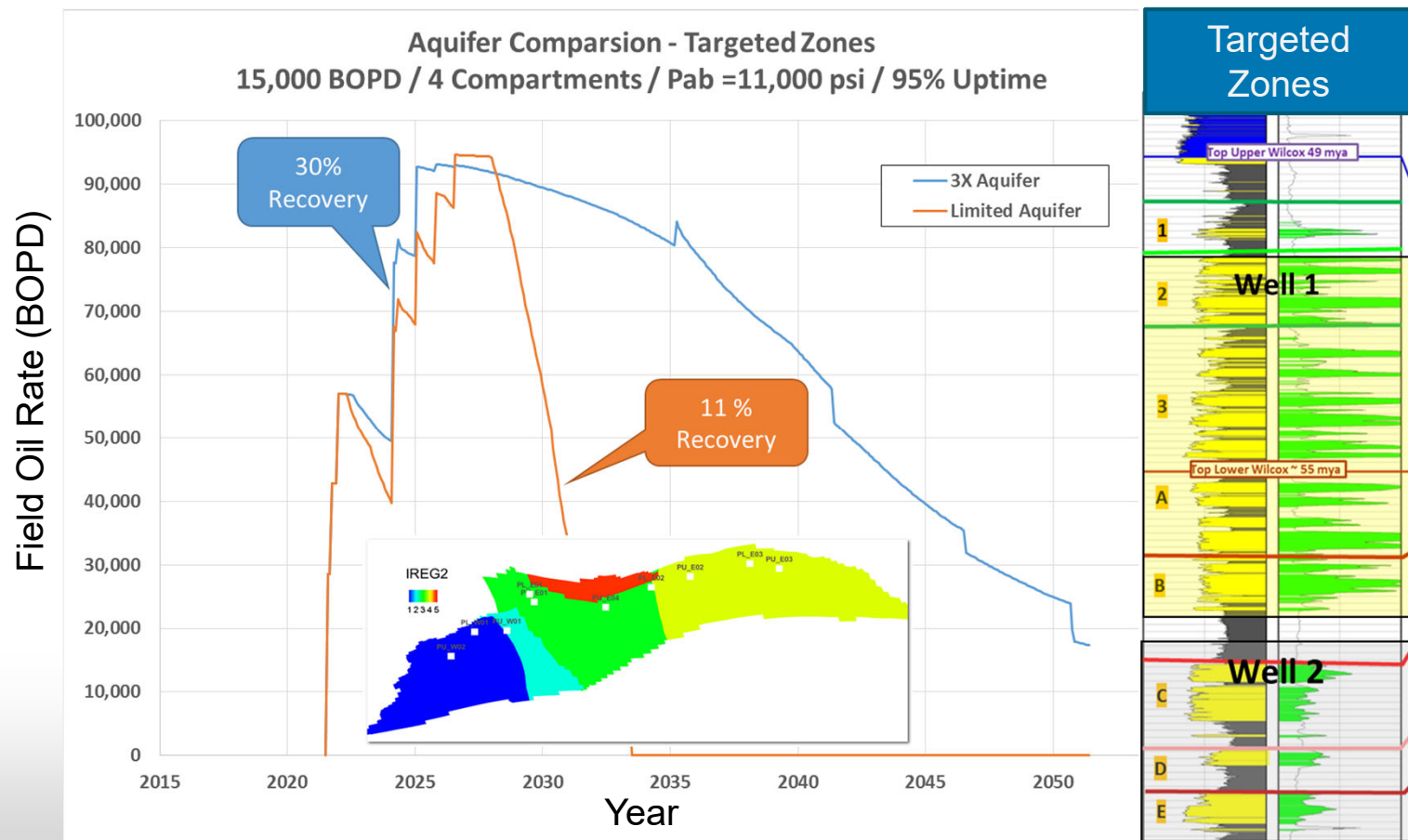
SHENANDOAH  
WR 51 #2  
608124007900  
ELEV\_KB : 86





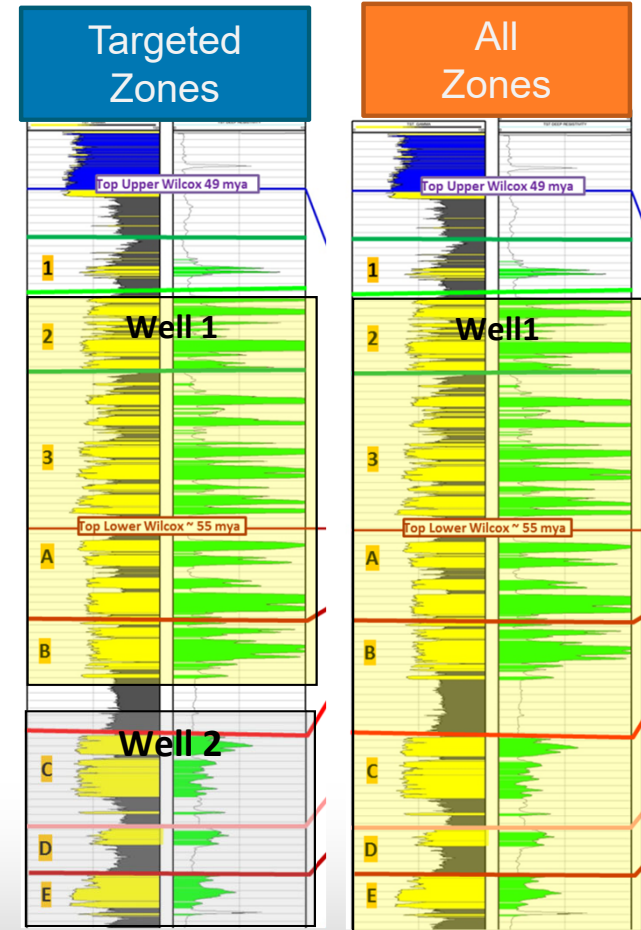
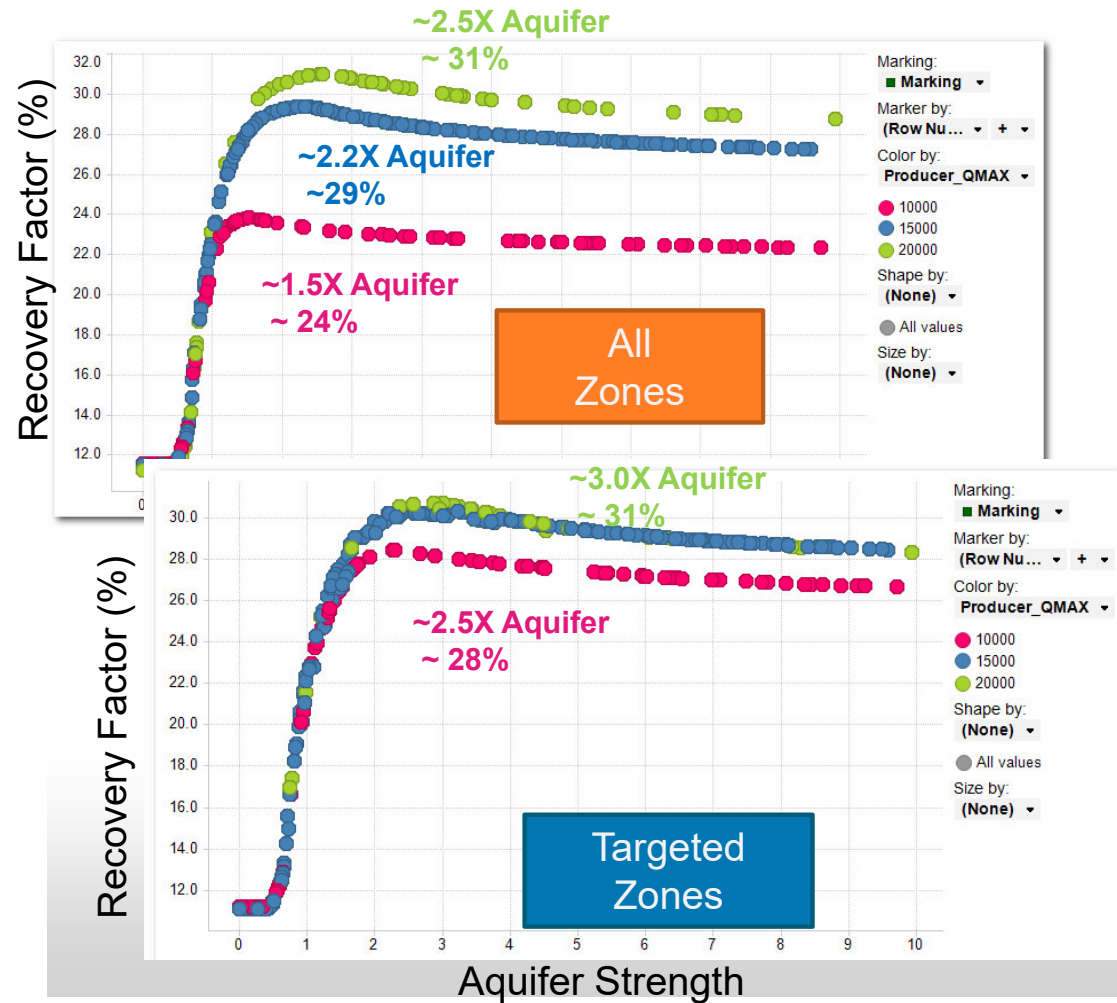
## Dynamic Simulation: Assumptions

- 30 Year Field Life
- 1<sup>st</sup> Oil July 2021
- Shen2 Fluids and Projected Contacts
- Simplified Network Model
  - Two flow loops
  - 60% water cut
- Well Limits
  - Drawdown = 2000 psi
  - Pab = 11,000 psi
  - Rate = 15,000 BOPD
- Uptime = 95%
- No PI Degradation Applied





# Rate of Withdraw and Aquifer Impact

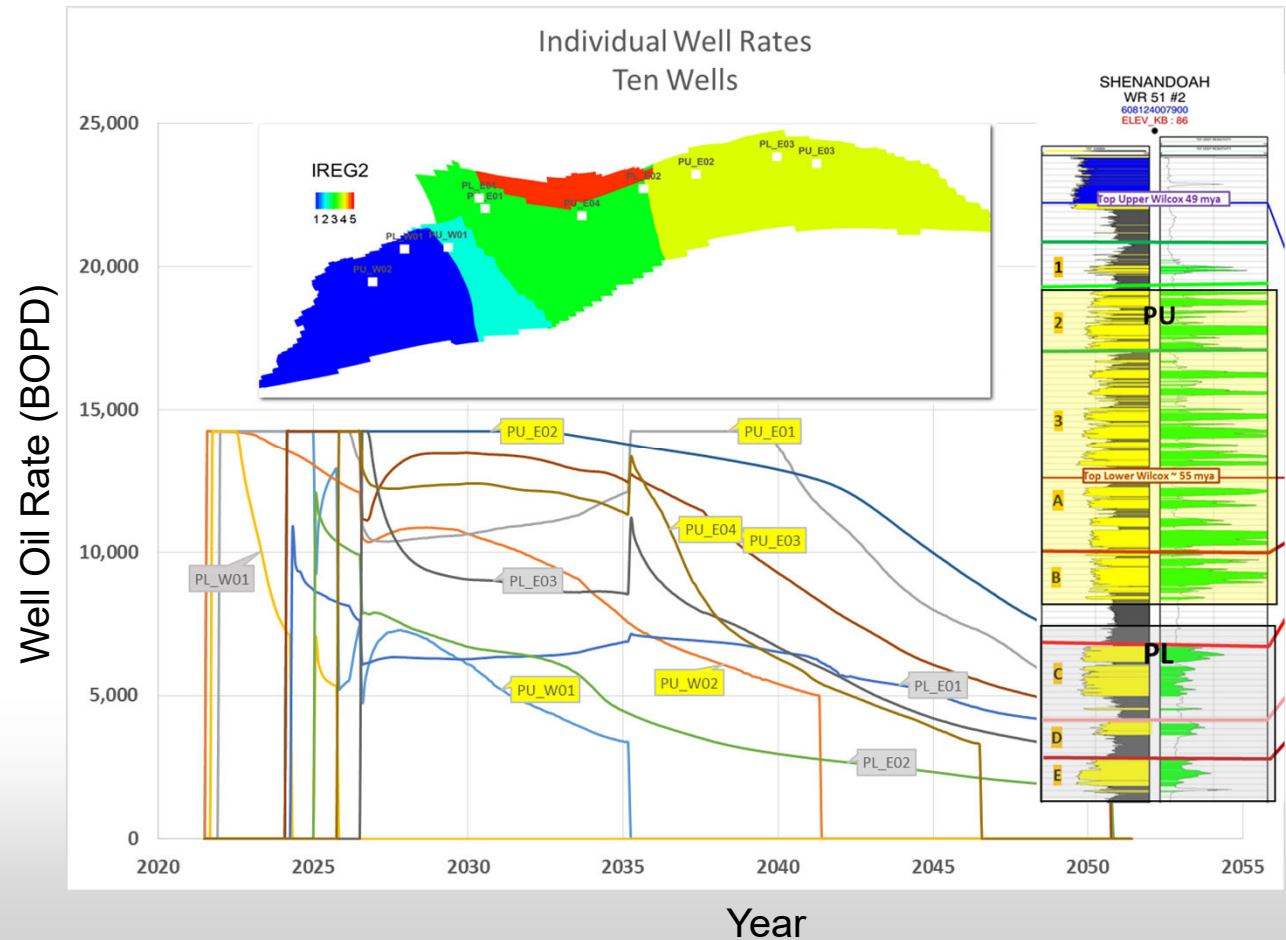




## Targeted Zones Well Rates (3X Aquifer)

### ▪ Facility constraint dominated

- Wells competing against each other
- PU wells dominate, not drawdown limited
- PL wells impacted by PU wells, drawdown constraint more impactful

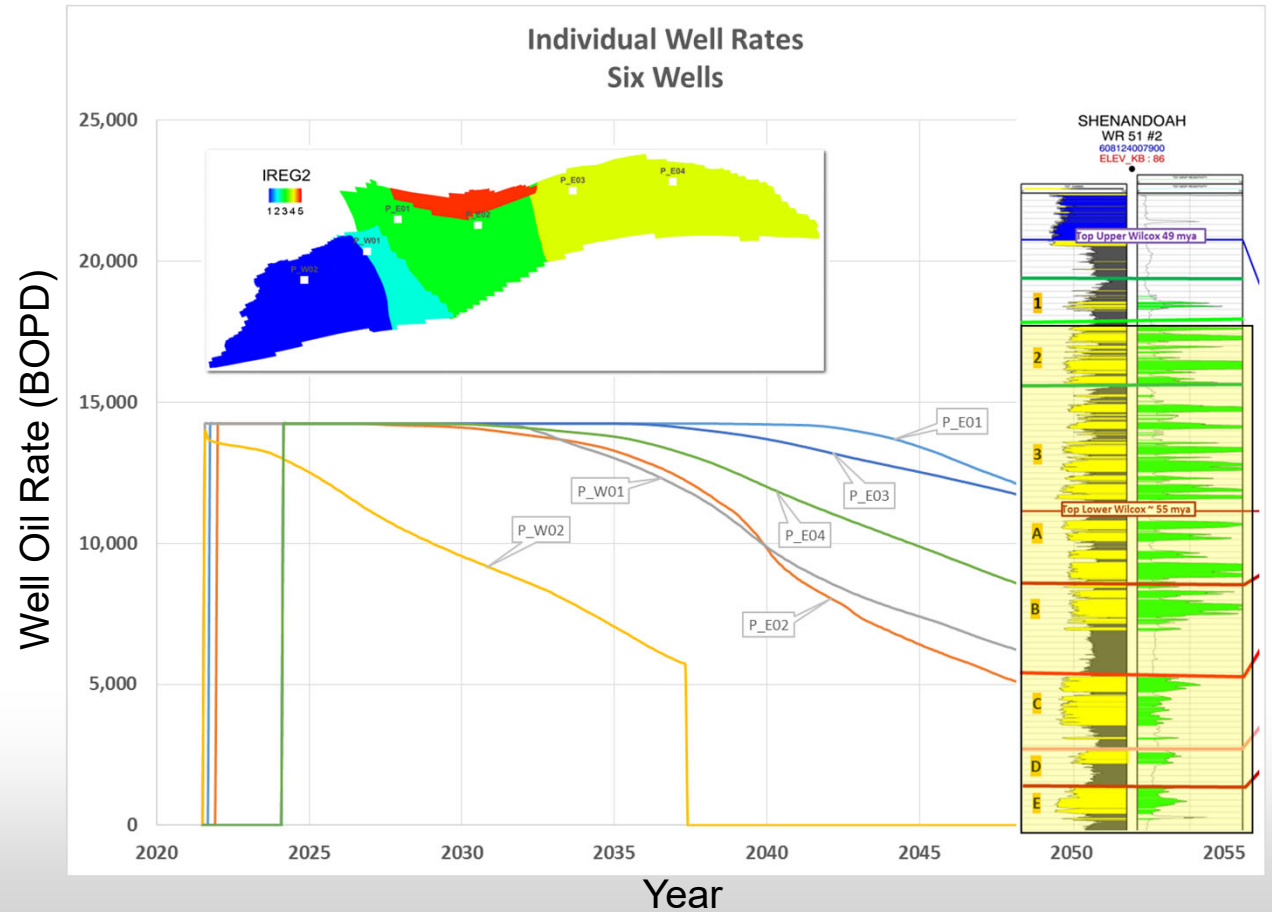






## All Zones Well Rates (3X Aquifer)

- Wells are rate limited
- Drawdown constraint is not a big factor
- Steep drop off is water cut limit





## Targeted Zones: Capital Spend

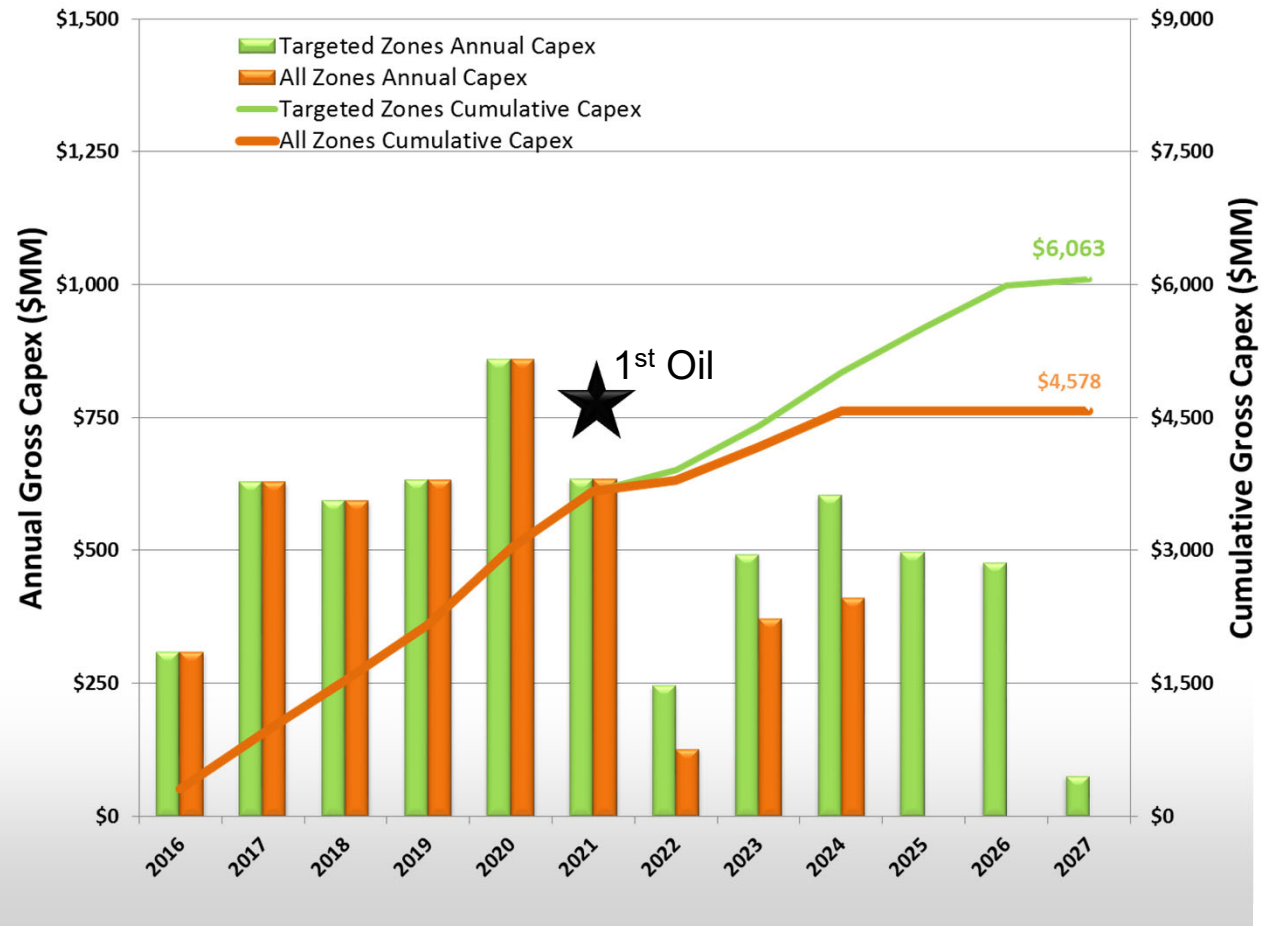
### Phased Approach

#### Targeted Zones

- Phase 1: 4 wells and one flow loop
- Phase 2: 6 wells and another flow loop
- No Injection

#### All Zones

- Phase 1: 4 wells and one flow loop
- Phase 2: 2 wells and another flow loop
- No Injection





## Economics Invest Price (\$60/bbl & \$3.25/mcf)

Targeted Zones (APC WI=30%); Point Forward 2016

	NPV10 \$MM	NPV15 \$MM	NPV20 \$MM	PIR10	F&D \$/boe	LOE \$boe
Depletion	0.5	-152.3	-229.4	0.0	26.08	4.52
3X Aquifer	539.8	88.5	-112.5	0.48	9.62	4.48

All Zones (APC WI=30%); Point Forward 2016

	NPV10 \$MM	NPV15 \$MM	NPV20 \$MM	PIR10	F&D \$/boe	LOE \$boe
Depletion	164.5	-42.2	-153.0	0.17	19.11	3.93
3X Aquifer	596.0	141.3	-68.3	0.63	7.53	3.75



## Economics Upside Price (\$85/bbl & \$4.50/mcf)

Targeted Zones (APC WI=30%); Point Forward 2016

	NPV10 \$MM	NPV15 \$MM	NPV20 \$MM	PIR10	F&D \$/boe	LOE \$boe
Depletion	400.6	105.0	-58.6	0.35	26.08	4.52
3X Aquifer	1,199.3	460.3	113.5	1.06	9.62	4.48

All Zones (APC WI=30%); Point Forward 2016

	NPV10 \$MM	NPV15 \$MM	NPV20 \$MM	PIR10	F&D \$/boe	LOE \$boe
Depletion	577.9	224.3	24.6	0.60	19.11	3.93
3X Aquifer	1219.4	496.7	150.3	1.28	7.53	3.75



# Dynamic Simulation: Completion Strategy Impact

